1	REPORTING REQUIREMENT AMENDMENTS
2	2021 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Brian S. King
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends reporting requirements regarding abuse, neglect, and exploitation of
10	certain individuals.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	defines terms;
14	 modifies the reporting requirement for the abuse, neglect, and exploitation of a
15	vulnerable adult;
16	 provides certain exceptions to the reporting requirement for the abuse, neglect, and
17	exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
18	 addresses civil and criminal liability for failure to notify Adult Protective Services
19	or the nearest police officer or law enforcement agency;
20	 modifies the reporting requirement for the abuse and neglect of a child;
21	 provides certain exceptions to the reporting requirement for the abuse and neglect of
22	a child;
23	 addresses civil and criminal liability for failure to notify the Division of Child and
24	Family Services or the nearest police officer or law enforcement agency;
25	repeals a statute with a reporting requirement for abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a
26	vulnerable adult; and
27	makes technical and conforming changes.



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	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	None
	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:
	62A-3-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 328
	62A-4a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 20
	REPEALS:
	76-5-111.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 50
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read:
	62A-3-305. Reporting requirements Investigation Immunity Violation
	Penalty Nonmedical healing.
	[(1) A person who has reason to believe that a vulnerable adult has been the subject of
į	abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake or the
1	nearest law enforcement agency. When the initial report is made to law enforcement, law
1	enforcement shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake. Adult Protective
ł	Services and law enforcement shall coordinate, as appropriate, their efforts to provide
	protection to the vulnerable adult.]
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) (i) "Assistance" means making a reasonable effort to report abuse, neglect, or
	exploitation to Adult Protective Services or the nearest peace officer or law enforcement
	agency.
	(ii) "Assistance" does not include action that places the individual taking the action, or
	another individual, in danger.
	(b) "Legal privilege" means any privilege designated by common law, statute, or rule
	of evidence.
	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), an individual shall provide assistance if
	the individual:

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59	(a) (1) has personal knowledge that a vulnerable adult is the subject of abuse, neglect,
60	or exploitation; or
61	(ii) observes that abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult is occurring or
62	has occurred; and
63	(b) is able to provide assistance for the vulnerable adult described in Subsection (2)(a).
64	(3) (a) If a peace officer or a law enforcement agency receives a report under
65	Subsection (2), the peace officer of the law enforcement agency shall immediately notify Adult
66	Protective Services.
67	(b) Adult Protective Services and the peace officer or the law enforcement agency shall
68	coordinate, as appropriate, efforts to investigate the report under Subsection (2) and to provide
69	protection to the vulnerable adult.
70	[(2)] (4) When [the initial report or] a report under Subsection (2), or a subsequent
71	investigation by Adult Protective Services, indicates that a criminal offense may have occurred
72	against a vulnerable adult:
73	(a) Adult Protective Services shall notify the nearest local law enforcement agency
74	regarding the potential offense; and
75	(b) the law enforcement agency [may] shall initiate an investigation in cooperation
76	with Adult Protective Services.
77	[(3) A person who in good faith makes a report or otherwise notifies a law enforcement
78	agency or Adult Protective Services of suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation is immune
79	from civil and criminal liability in connection with the report or other notification.]
80	[(4) (a) A person who willfully fails to report suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation
81	of a vulnerable adult is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.]
82	[(b) A covered provider or covered contractor, as defined in Section 26-21-201, that
83	knowingly fails to report suspected abuse or neglect, as required by this section, is subject to a
84	private right of action and liability for the abuse or neglect of another person that is committed
85	by the individual who was not reported to Adult Protective Services in accordance with this
86	section.]
87	(5) (a) An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual willfully fails
88	to provide assistance under Subsection (2).
89	(b) An individual is not guilty of violating Subsection (5)(a) if the individual

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90	reasonably believes another individual has, or likely has, already provided or is providing
91	assistance to the vulnerable adult described in Subsection (2)(a).
92	(c) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply to the extent that an individual is prohibited from
93	providing assistance by a legal privilege.
94	(6) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, a prosecuting attorney may not use
95	an individual's violation of Subsection (5)(a) as the basis for charging the individual with
96	another offense.
97	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), Subsections (2) and (5)(a) do not create
98	an independent basis for civil liability for failure to provide the assistance described in
99	Subsection (2).
100	(b) The fact that an individual is charged with, or convicted of, an offense under
101	Subsection (5)(a) may not be used to establish that the individual violated a duty on which a
102	claim for personal injuries may be based.
103	(c) A covered provider or covered contractor, as defined in Section 26-21-201, that
104	fails to provide assistance under Subsection (2), is subject to a private right of action and
105	liability for the abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult who was not provided
106	assistance under this section.
107	[(5)] (8) Under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section 76-8-508, a
108	person who threatens, intimidates, or attempts to intimidate a vulnerable adult who is the
109	subject of a report, a witness, the [person who made the report] individual who provided
110	assistance under Subsection (2), or any other person cooperating with an investigation
111	conducted [pursuant to] in accordance with this chapter is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
112	(9) The physician-patient privilege does not constitute grounds for excluding evidence
113	regarding a vulnerable adult's injuries, or the cause of the vulnerable adult's injuries, in any
114	judicial or administrative proceeding resulting from a report under Subsection (2).
115	[(6)] (10) An adult is not considered abused, neglected, or a vulnerable adult for the
116	reason that the adult has chosen to rely solely upon religious, nonmedical forms of healing in
117	lieu of medical care.
118	Section 2. Section 62A-4a-403 is amended to read:
119	62A-4a-403. Reporting requirements Investigation Penalty Legal privileges
120	Liability.

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[(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), when any	y individual, including an	
individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice	Act, or Title 58, Chapter 67,	
Utah Medical Practice Act, has reason to believe that a child ha	as been subjected to abuse or	
neglect, or observes a child being subjected to conditions or cir	reumstances that would	
reasonably result in abuse or neglect, that individual shall immediately report the alleged a		
or neglect to the nearest peace officer, law enforcement agency	, or office of the division.]	
[(b) (i) Upon receipt of a report described in Subsection	n (1)(a)]	
(1) As used in this section:		
(a) (i) "Assistance" means making a reasonable effort to	to report to the division or the	
nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency.		
(ii) "Assistance" does not include action that places the	e individual taking the action, or	
another individual, in danger.		
(b) "Legal privilege" means any privilege designated b	y common law, statute, or rule	
of evidence.		
(2) Except as provided in Subsections (4) and (6)(c), as	n individual, including an	
individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice	e Act, or Title 58, Chapter 67,	
Utah Medical Practice Act, shall provide assistance if the indiv	<u>ridual:</u>	
(a) (i) has personal knowledge that a child is the subject	et of abuse or neglect; or	
(ii) observes that abuse or neglect of a child is occurring	ng or has occurred; and	
(b) is able to provide assistance for the child described	in Subsection (2)(a).	
(3) (a) (i) If a peace officer or a law enforcement agence	cy receives a report under	
Subsection (2), the peace officer or law enforcement agency sh	all immediately notify the	
nearest office of the division.		
(ii) [If an initial report of abuse or neglect is made to the	ne division] If the division	
receives a report under Subsection (2), the division shall imme	diately notify the appropriate	
local law enforcement agency.		
[(c)] (b) (i) The division shall, in addition to the division	on's own investigation in	
accordance with Section 62A-4a-409, coordinate with law enfo	orcement on investigations by	
law enforcement undertaken to investigate [a report described	in Subsection (1)(a)] the report	
of abuse or neglect under Subsection (2).		
(ii) If law enforcement undertakes an investigation of a	a [report described in Subsection	

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(1)(a)] report under Subsection (2), the law enforcement agency undertaking the investigation shall provide a final investigatory report to the division upon request.

- [(2)] (4) Subject to Subsection [(3)] (5), the [notification] reporting requirement described in Subsection [(1)(a)] (2) does not apply to a member of the clergy, with regard to any confession made to the member of the clergy while functioning in the ministerial capacity of the member of the clergy and without the consent of the individual making the confession, if:
 - (a) the perpetrator made the confession directly to the member of the clergy; and
- (b) the member of the clergy is, under canon law or church doctrine or practice, bound to maintain the confidentiality of that confession.
- [(3)] (5) (a) When a member of the clergy receives information about abuse or neglect from any source other than confession of the perpetrator, the member of the clergy is required to report that information even though the member of the clergy may have also received information about abuse or neglect from the confession of the perpetrator.
- (b) Exemption of the reporting requirement for a member of the clergy does not exempt the member of the clergy from any other efforts required by law to prevent further abuse or neglect by the perpetrator.
- (6) (a) An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual willfully fails to provide assistance under Subsection (2).
- (b) An individual is not guilty of violating Subsection (6)(a) if the individual reasonably believes another individual has, or likely has, already provided or is providing assistance to the child described in Subsection (2)(a).
- (c) Subsection (6)(a) does not apply to the extent that an individual is prohibited from providing assistance by a legal privilege.
- (d) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, a prosecutor may not use an individual's violation of Subsection (6)(a) as the basis for charging the individual with another offense.
- (7) (a) Subsections (2) and (6)(a) do not create an independent basis for civil liability for failure to provide the assistance described in Subsection (2).
- 181 (b) The fact that an individual is charged with, or convicted of, an offense under

 182 Subsection (6)(a) may not be used to establish that the individual violated a duty on which a

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183	claim for personal injuries may be based.
184	Section 3. Repealer.
185	This bill repeals:
186	Section 76-5-111.1, Reporting requirements Investigation Immunity
187	Violation Penalty Physician-patient privilege Nonmedical healing.